

Training Course

Thurs. 1st September 2011, Berlin

FC-Hy Guide Seminaris
Campus Hotel
Berlin



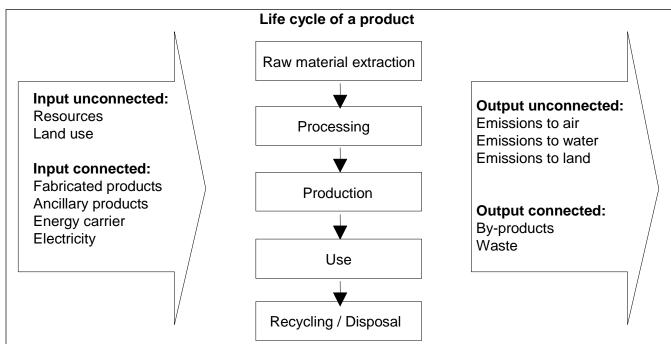
Introduction on LCA



Definition

Definition of Life Cycle Assessment (ISO 14040):

"Life Cycle Assessment is the compiling and evaluation of the input and outputs and the potential environmental impacts of a product system during its lifetime"



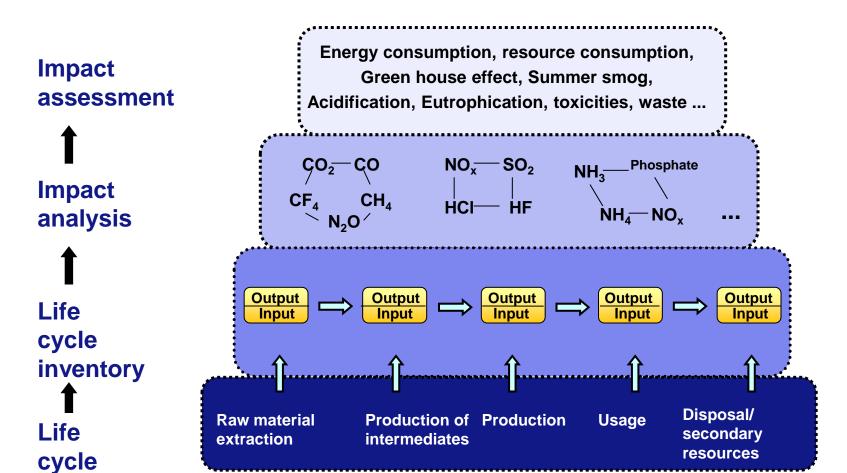








LCA- Life cycle thinking as basis for the system model

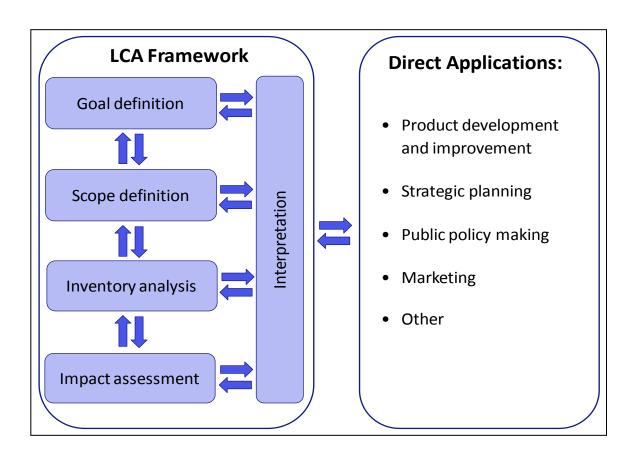








Methodology of LCA – The ISO 14040 and 14044



Adapted from ISO 14040 (modified)







LCA approach according to ISO 14040 and 14044

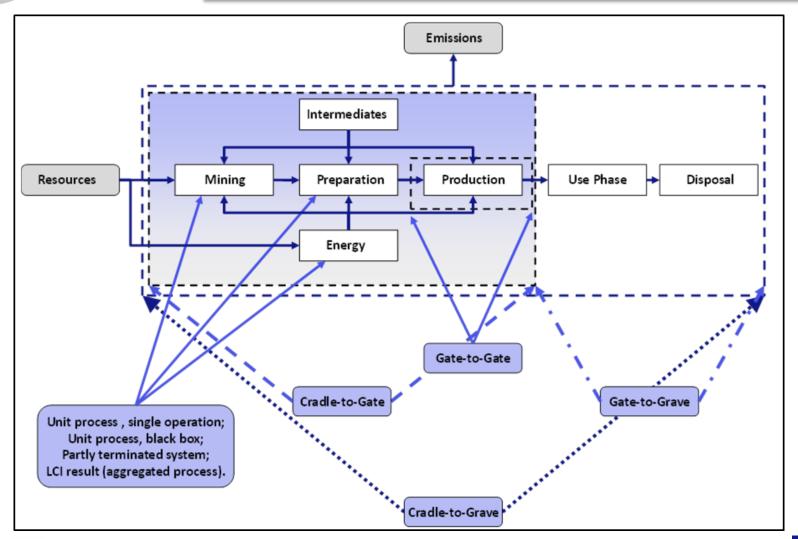
- 1. Goal of the LCA study
- 2. Scope of the LCA study
- 3. Life Cycle Inventory analysis (LCI)
- 4. Life Cycle Impact Assessment (LCIA)
- 5. Interpretation and Reporting
- 6. Critical Review (optional)







Scope of the study: Definition of system boundaries











Impact Assessment: Global, regional and local impact assessment categories

Global Criteria

- Resource depletion
- Global Warming Potential (GWP)
- Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)

Regional Criteria

- Acidification Potential (AP)
- Land use

Local Criteria

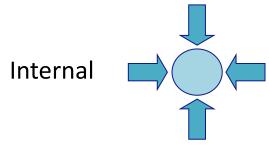
- Human and Eco Toxicity Potential (HTP / AETP / TETP)
- Eutrophication Potential (EP)
- Photochemical Oxidant Creation Potential (POCP)

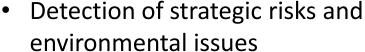




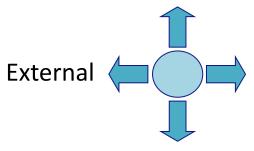


Benefit





- Identification of relevant steps in the complete life cycle of products
- Development of sustainable products based on environmental information
- Support in fulfilling laws and restrictions
- Improvement of motivation of employees



- Enhancement of communication to politics and authorities
- Improvement of image due to ecological considerations
- Supporting environmental innovations and decrease of environmental impacts
- Competitive advantage by inclusion of environmental aspects









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The research leading to these results has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen Joint Undertaking under grant agreement n° [256328].



